

CLAIMS

Comprising a

✓ JMB A catalytic composition, characterized in that it comprises the product resulting from bringing the following three constituents into contact in any order:

a) at least one divalent nickel compound;

5 b) at least one hydrocarbylaluminium dihalide with formula $AlRX_2$, where R is a hydrocarbyl radical containing 1 to 12 carbon atoms such as alkyl, aryl, aralkyl or cycloalkyl, and X is a chlorine or bromine atom; and

c) at least one organic Bronsted acid;

10 the mixture obtained being pre-conditioned in a solvent, at a controlled temperature and for a pre-set period, prior to its use.

15 2. A catalytic composition according to claim 1, characterized in that said divalent nickel compound is a nickel carboxylate with general formula:



where R_1 is an alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, aralkyl or alkaryl radical containing up to 20 carbon atoms.

wherein

20 3. A catalytic composition according to claim 1 or claim 2, characterized in that the pK_a of said organic Bronsted acid is a maximum of 3 at 20°C and is selected from the group formed by halogenocarboxylic compounds with formula R_2COOH where R_2 is a halogenated alkyl radical, in particular those which contain at least one halogen atom alpha to the $-COOH$ group, with a total of 2 to 10 carbon atoms.

wherein

25 4. A catalytic composition according to any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that said organic Bronsted acid is a halogenoacetic acid with formula $CX_pH_{3-p}COOH$ is used where X is fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine, and p is a whole number from 1 to 3.

claim 3, wherein

5. A catalytic composition according to any one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that said organic Bronsted acid is trifluoroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid or tribromoacetic acid.

claim 4, wherein

6. A catalytic composition according to any one of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that the pre-conditioning *comprises* mixing the three constituents in a hydrocarbon or halogeno-

claim 3, wherein

hydrocarbon solvent with stirring and in an inert atmosphere at a controlled temperature of 0°C to 80°C and for a duration of 1 minute to 5 hours.

claim 1, wherein

A 7. A catalytic composition according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 6~~, characterized in that the mole ratio of said hydrocarbylaluminium dihalide to said nickel compound, expressed as the Al/Ni ratio, is 2/1 to 50/1, and the mole ratio of said Bronsted acid to said nickel compound is 0.25/1 to 10/1.

A 8. A catalytic composition according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 7~~, characterized in that said hydrocarbylaluminium dihalide is enriched with an aluminium trihalide, the mixture of these two compounds having formula AlR_nX_{3-n} , R and X being as defined in claim 1 and where n is a number between 0 and 1.

A 10 9. A catalytic composition according to claim 8, characterized in that the mole ratio between said hydrocarbylaluminium dihalide enriched with an aluminium trihalide and the nickel compound, expressed as the ratio Al/Ni, is 2/1 to 50/1, and the mole ratio of the Bronsted acid to the nickel compound is 0.25/1 to 10/1.

A 15 10. A catalytic composition according to claim 8 or claim 9, characterized in that said hydrocarbylaluminium dihalide enriched with an aluminium trihalide is obtained by mixing a hydrocarbylaluminium dihalide with formula $AlRX_2$ with an aluminium trihalide AlX_3 , where R and X are as defined in claim 1.

A 20 11. A catalytic composition according to claim 8 or claim 9, characterized in that said hydrocarbylaluminium dihalide enriched with an aluminium trihalide is obtained by mixing dichloroethylaluminium with aluminium trichloride.

A 12. A process for dimerization or oligomerization of at least one monoolefin, characterized in that said monoolefin is brought into contact with a catalytic composition according to any one of claims 1 to 11.

25 13. A process according to claim 12, characterized in that the pre-conditioning solvent for the catalytic composition consists of a mixture of olefins with a composition analogous to that of the mixtures obtained by the dimerization or oligomerization reaction.

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14. A process according to claim 12 or ~~claim 13~~, in which the propylene is dimerized or oligomerized, ~~wherein~~ characterized in that the pre-conditioning solvent for the catalytic composition principally comprises isohexenes.